

The Future of Searching for Scholarly Literature

Discipline-Specific Research Databases in Web 2.0 and the Semantic Web

or

Leveraging the “Prescience of Artists and the Art of Science”

Cross-Disciplinary Research in Neuroaesthetics

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ICIC – 20th Anniversary Meeting

19-22 October 2008

Nice, France

Leveraging the “Prescience of Artists and the Art of Science”

Cross-Disciplinary Research in Neuroaesthetics



Renaissance

2D → 3D

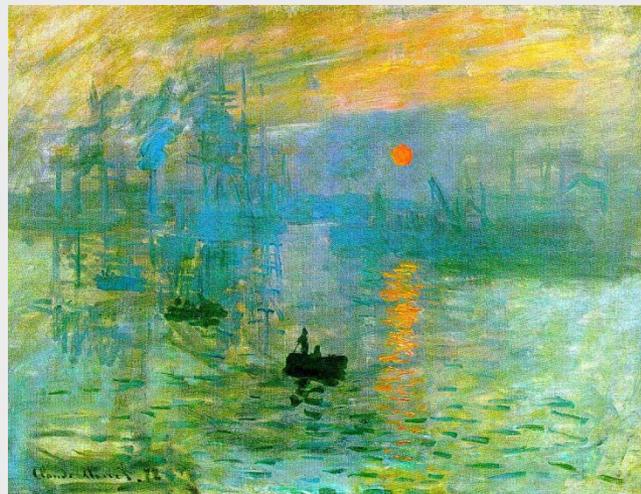


Modernism

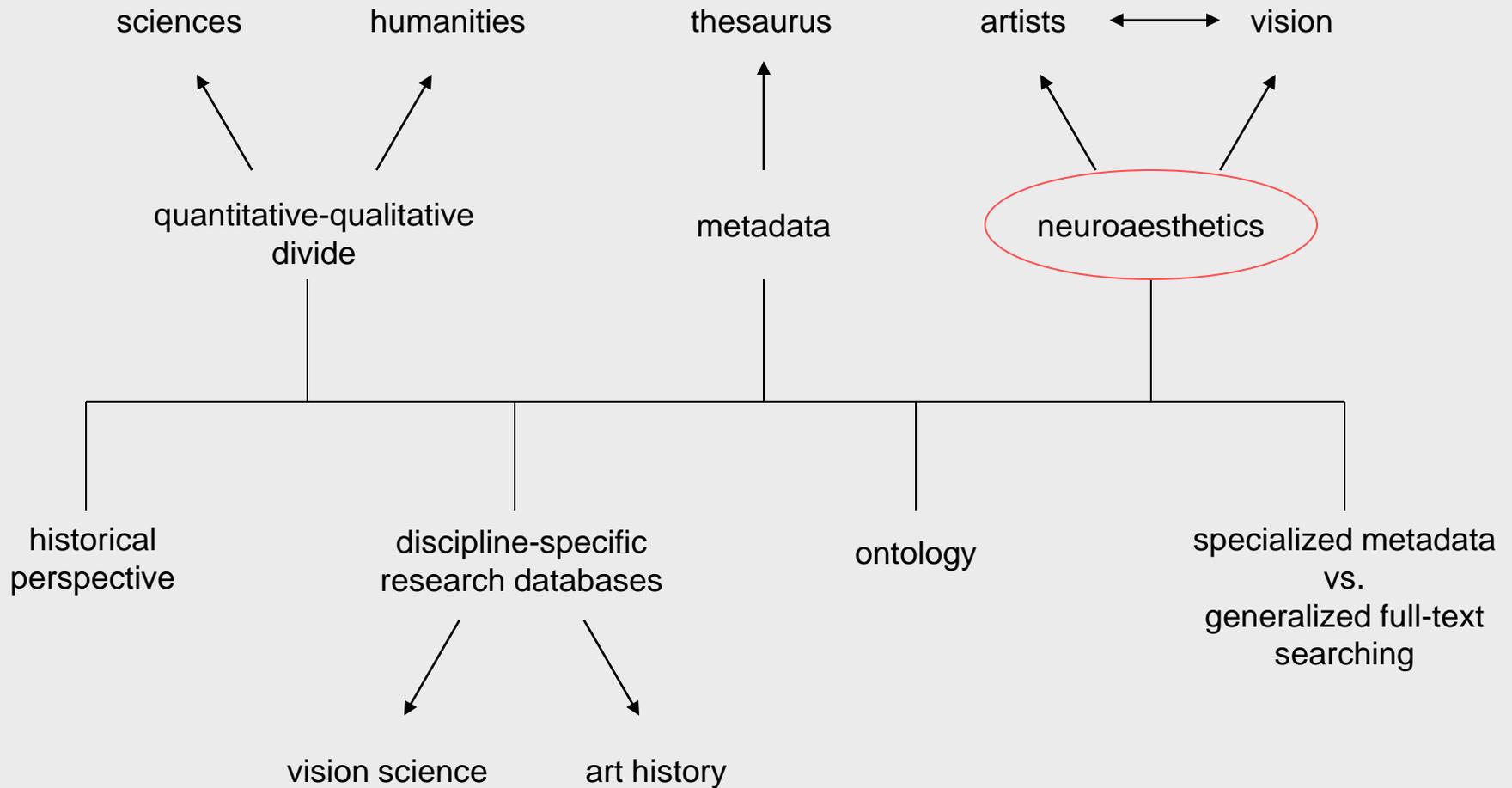
discrete processing of
color, form, and motion

Impressionism

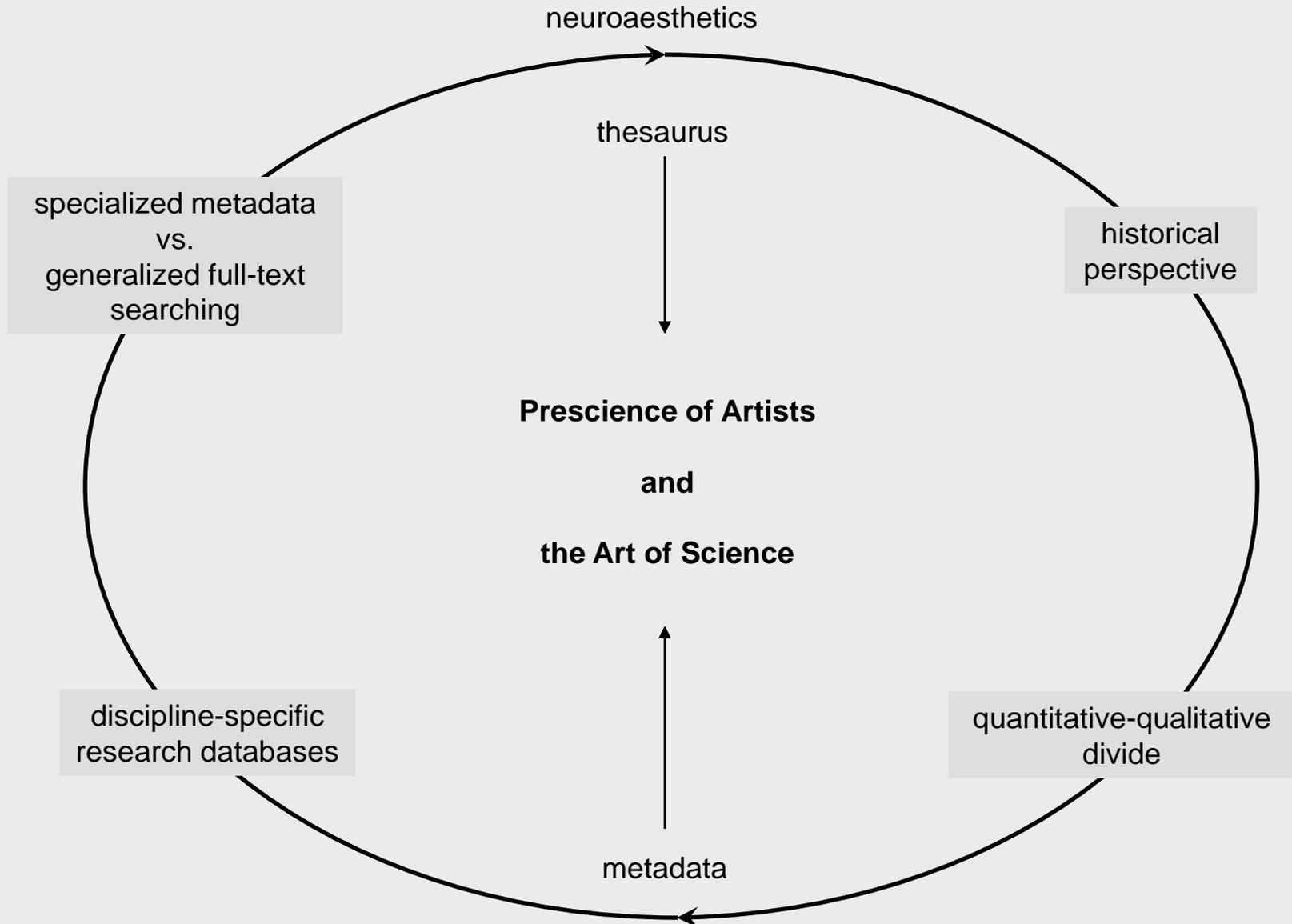
visual information as
incident on the
retina



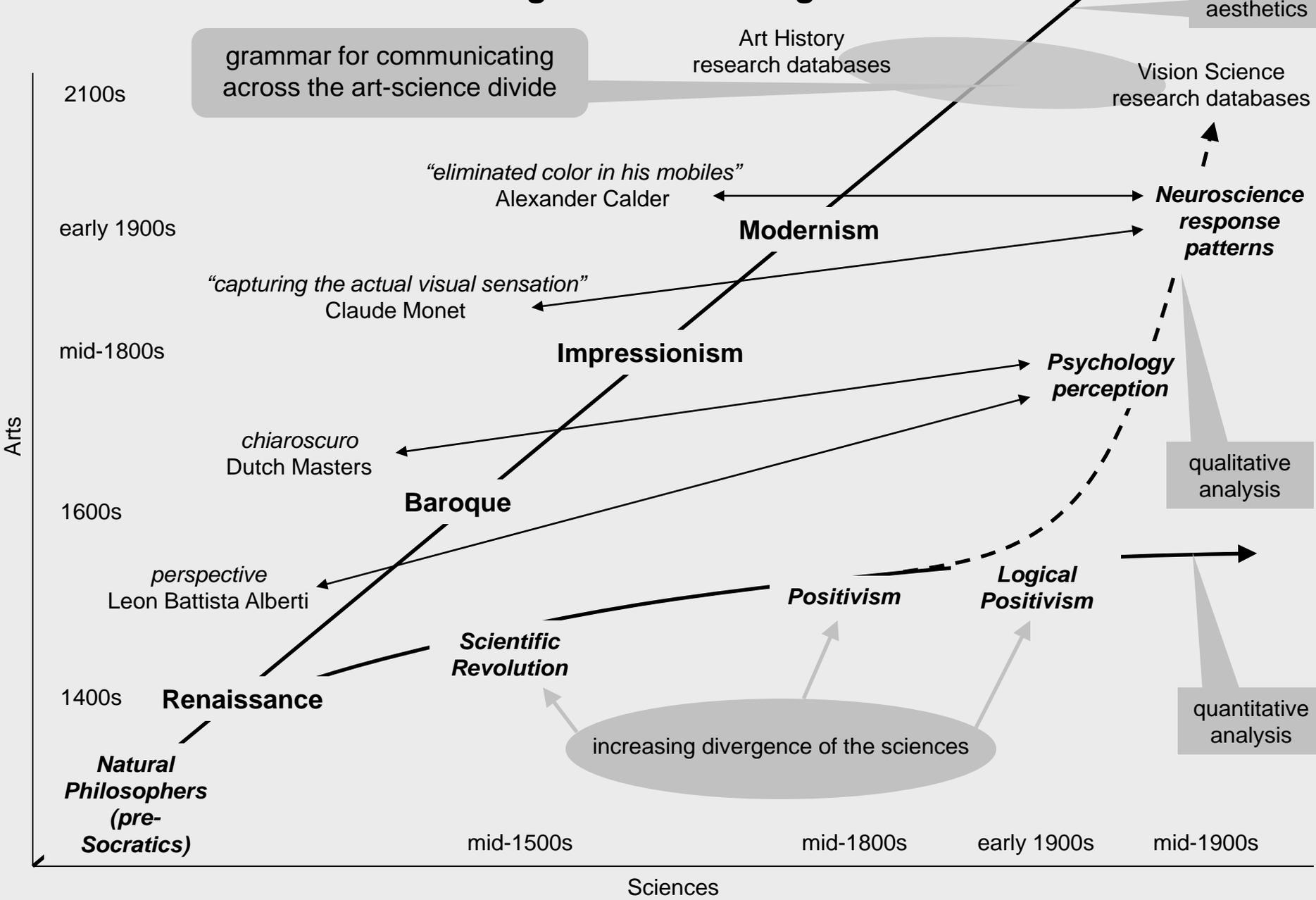
Outline – Modern Development of Neuroaesthetics



Outline – Preexistence of “Neuroaesthetics”

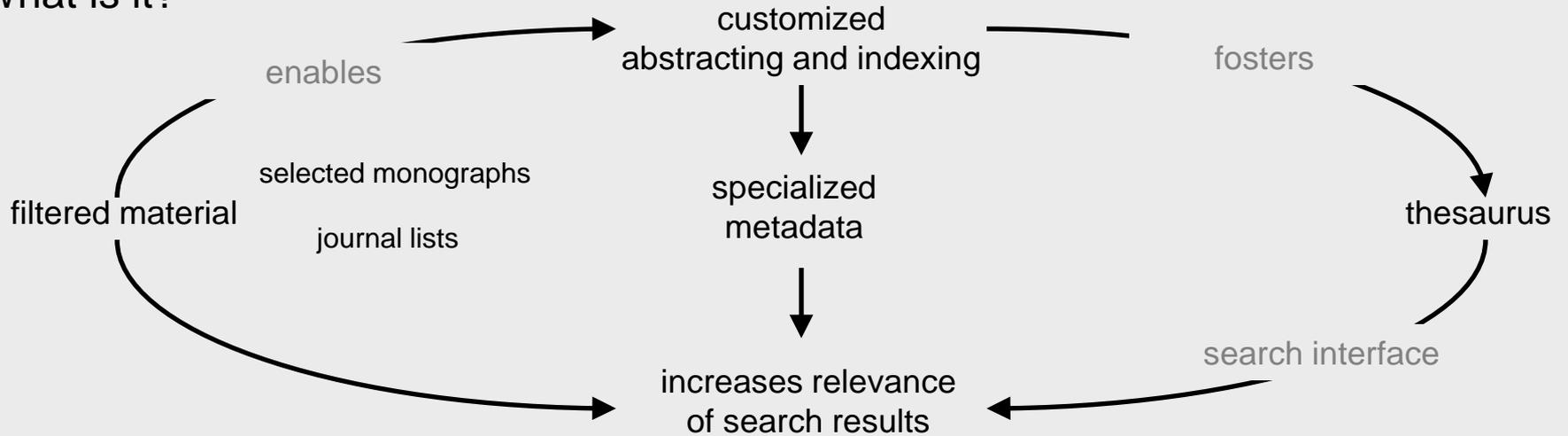


Historical basis for reestablishing an art-science grammar



Art History Discipline-Specific Knowledge Base

What is it?



Why create it?

Survey Results

2006
demand for
specialized metadata

2008
demand for
specialized databases

Actively Leverage Technology

maintain an editorial role

Web 2.0

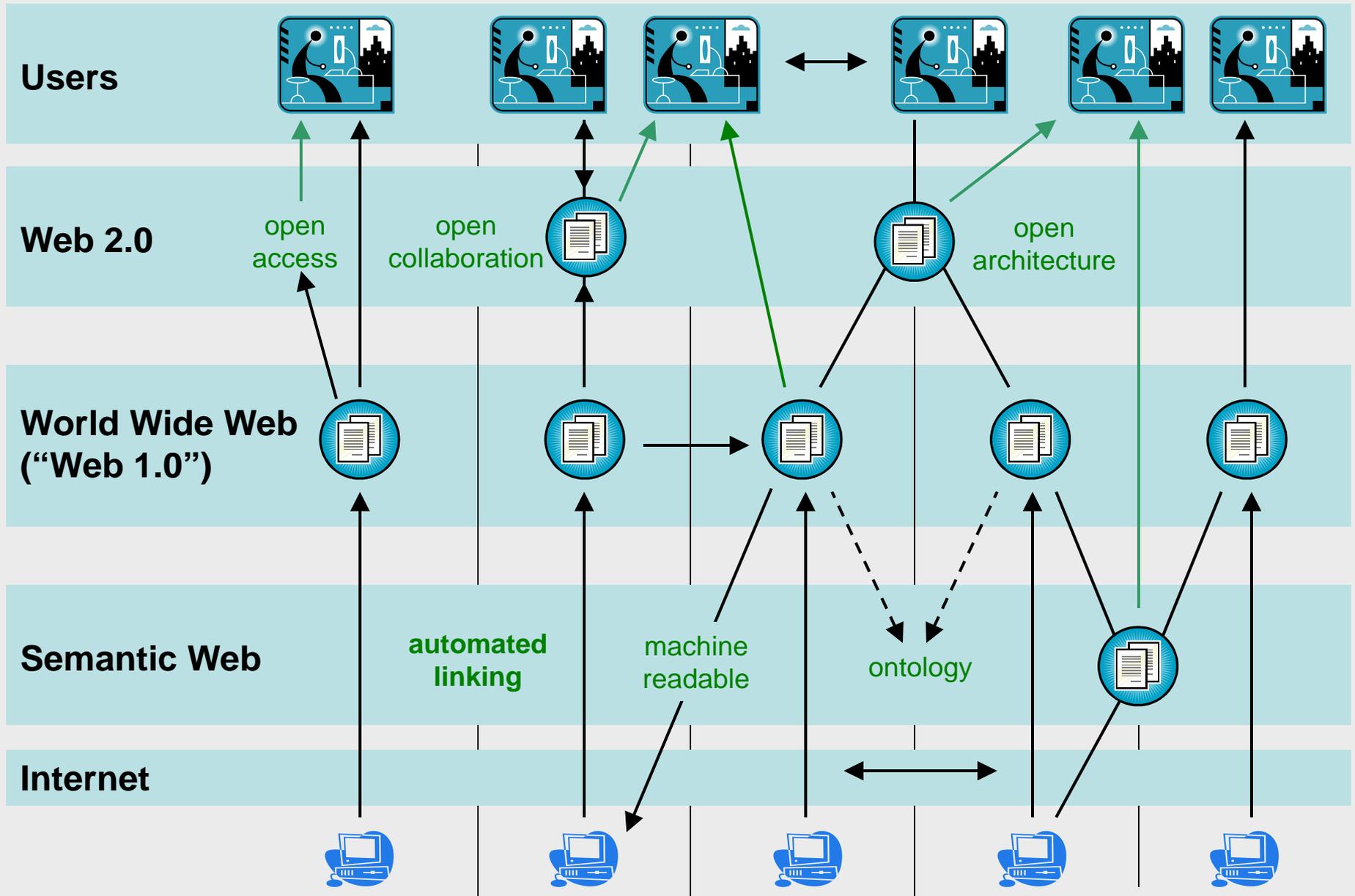
Draw on user interaction to create content.

facilitate interdisciplinarity

Semantic Web

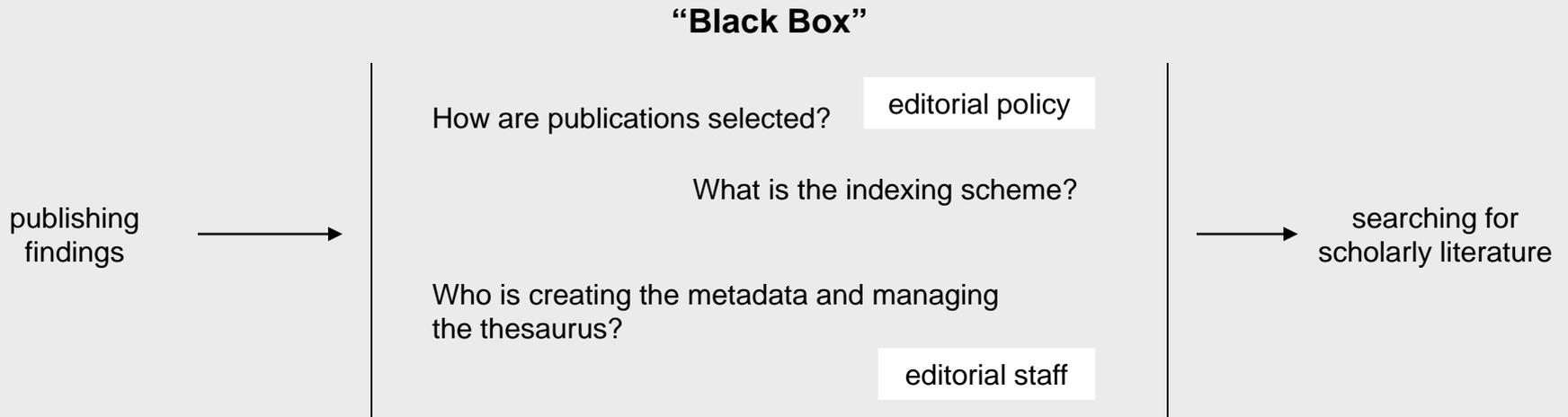
Forge connections across research databases in the sciences.

Web 2.0 and the Semantic Web

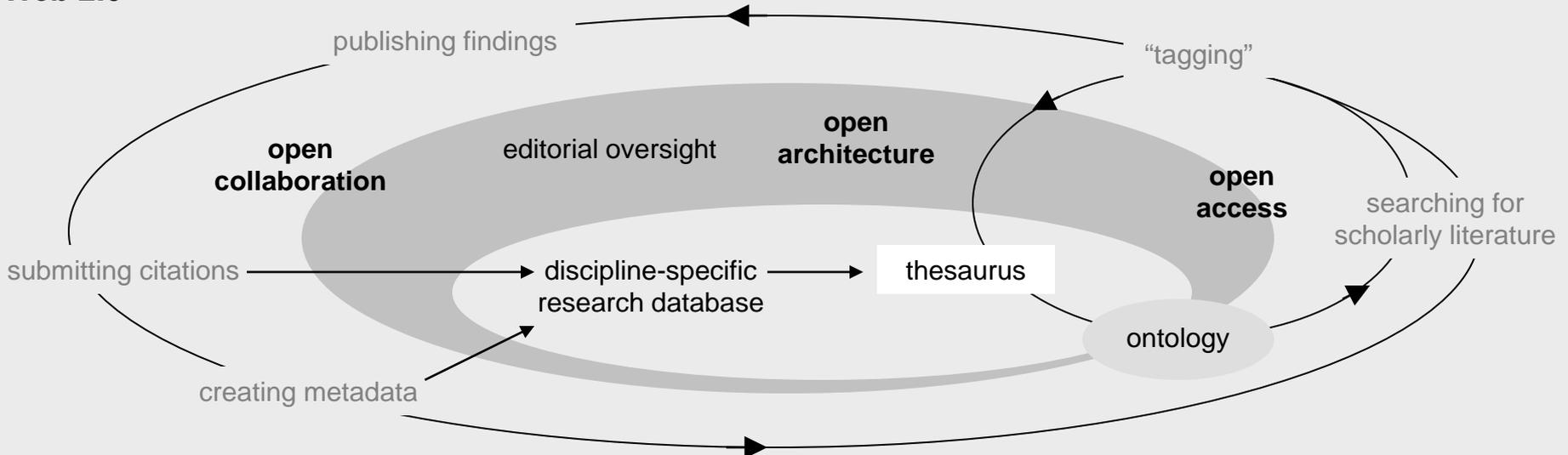


Participation of Scholars in the Evolving Infrastructure

“Web 1.0” and prior

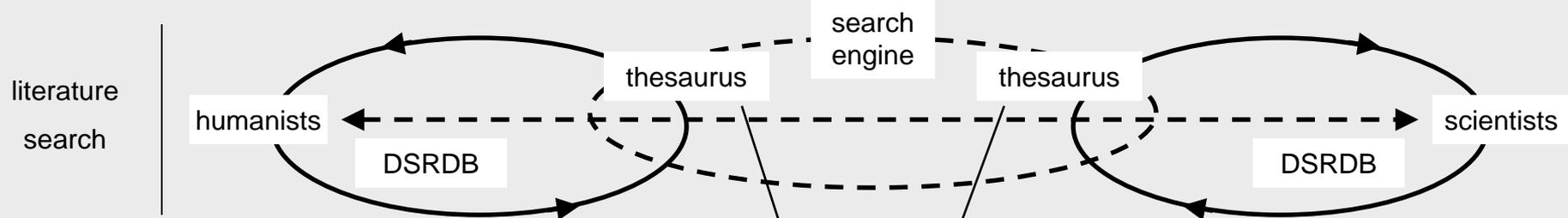


Web 2.0

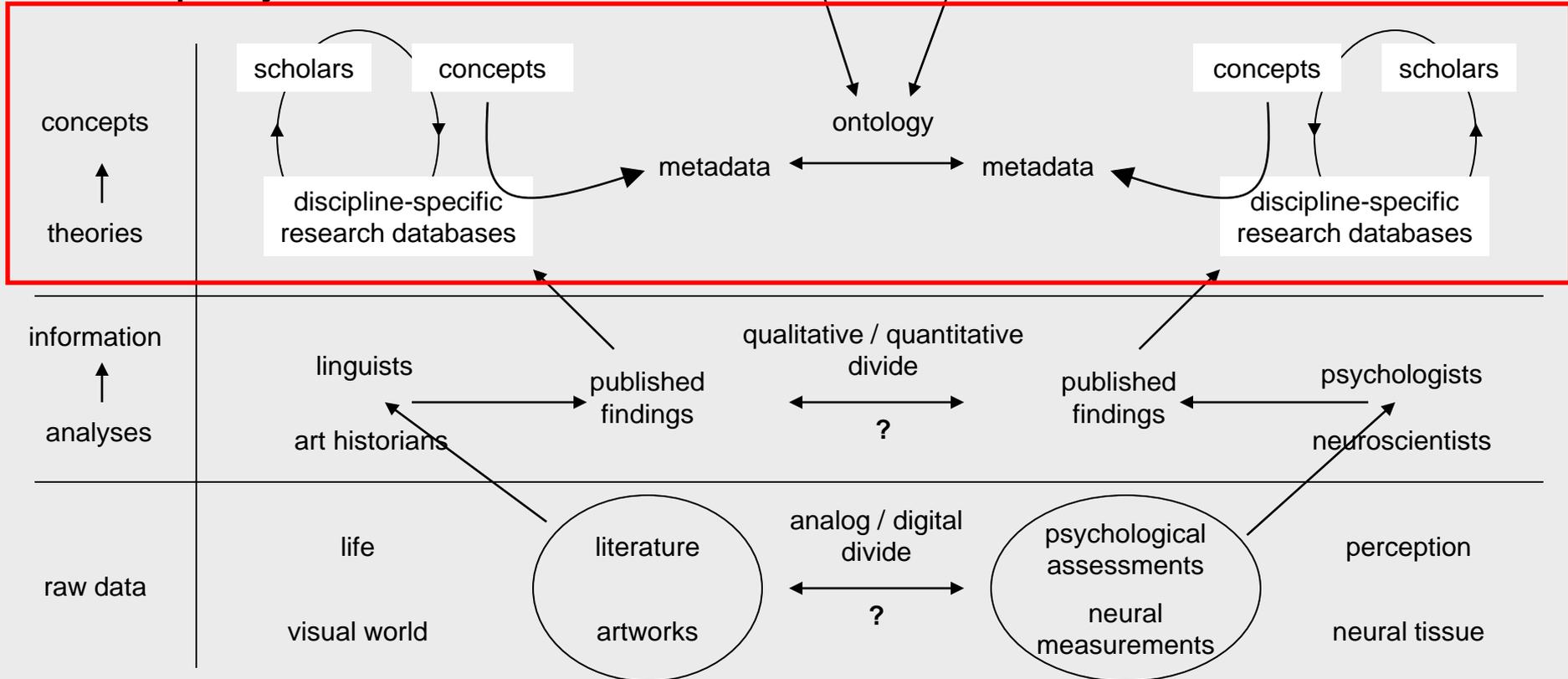


Applications in the Semantic Web to Enable Interdisciplinarity

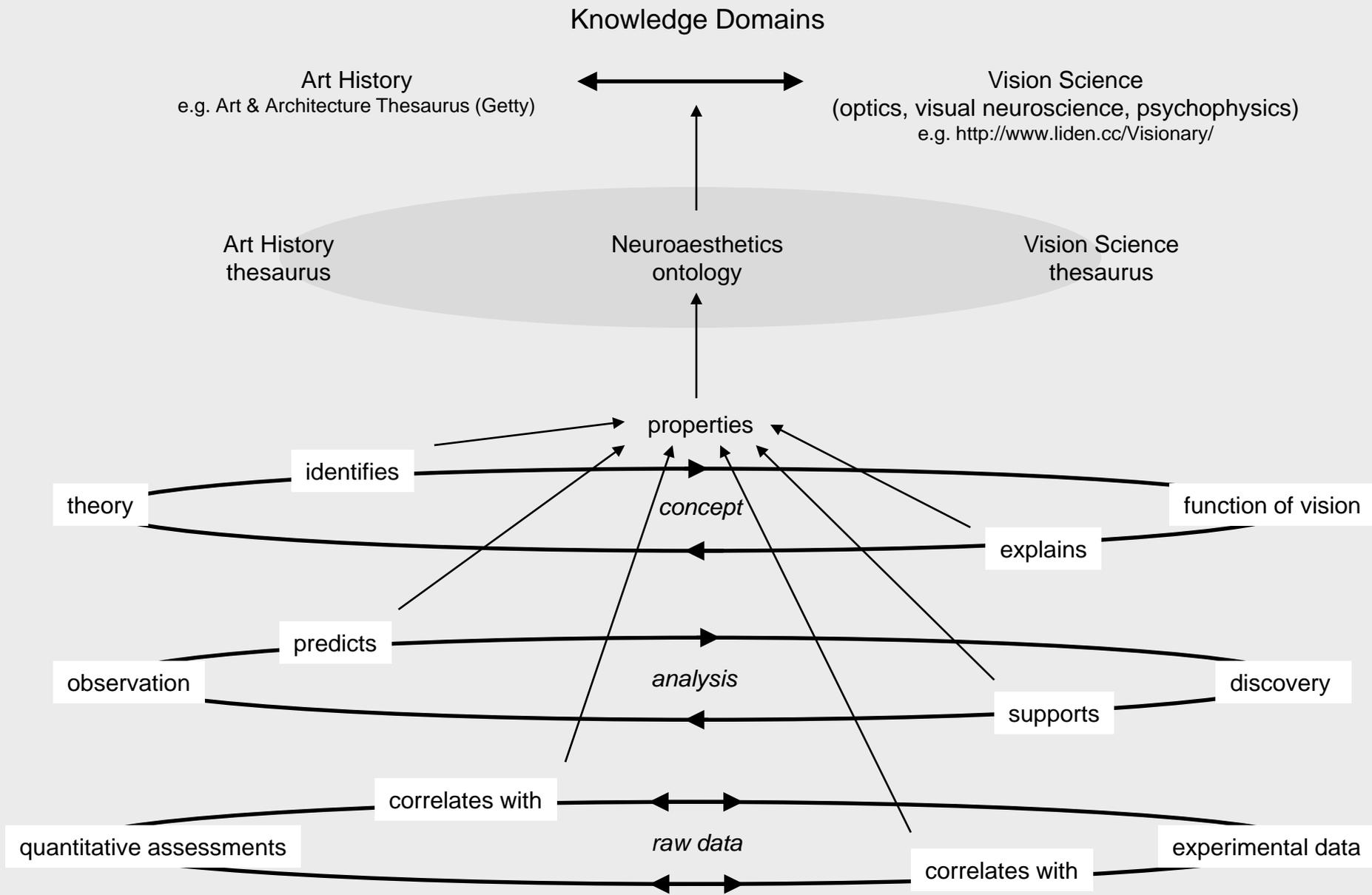
cross-disciplinary searches for scholarly literature



cross-disciplinary correlation of datasets



Developing a Cross-Disciplinary Ontology

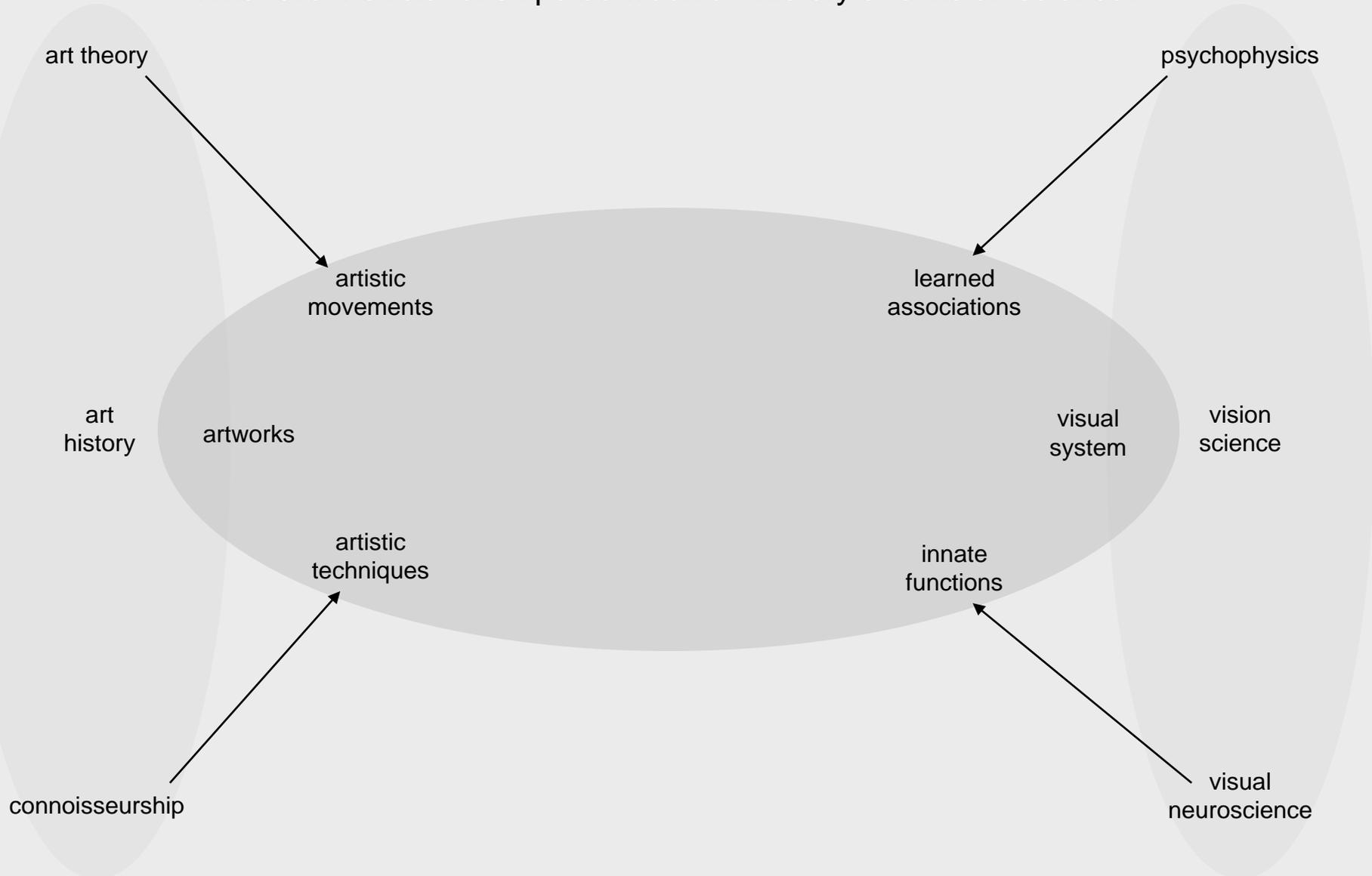


Towards an Ontology for Neuroaesthetics

“qualitative”
analysis

“quantitative”
analysis

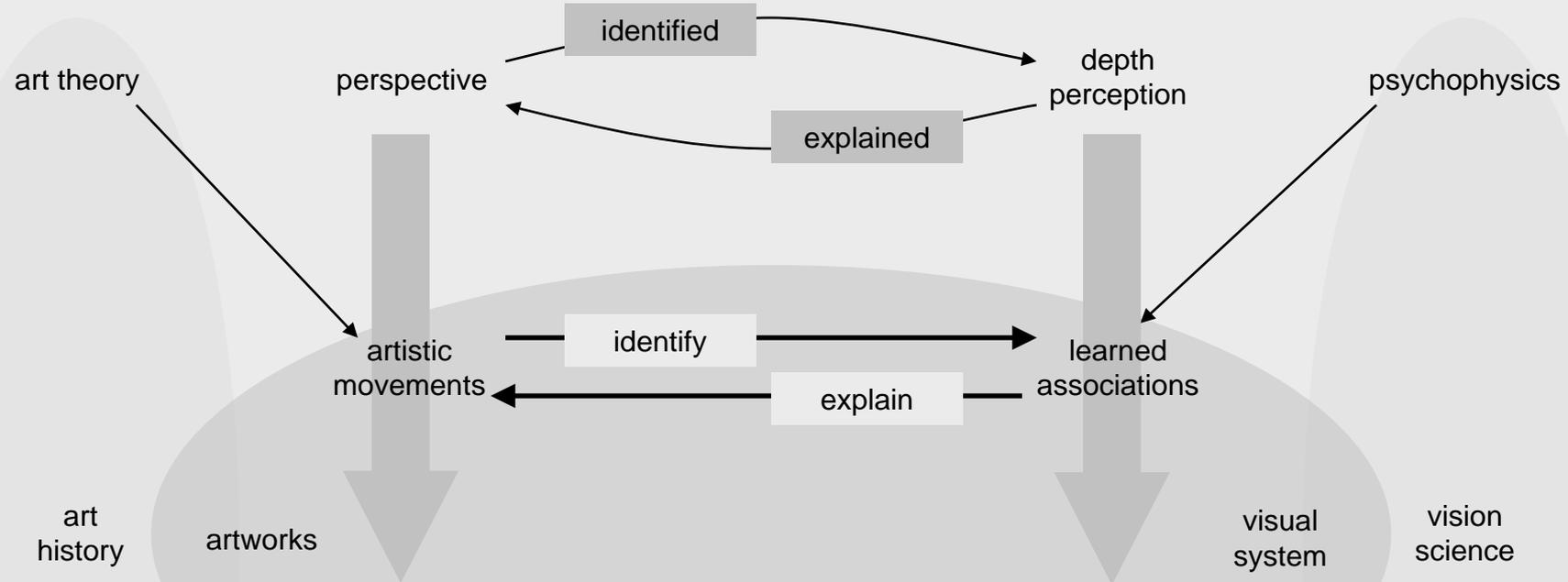
What are the relationships between art history and vision science?



Artists showed prescience in understanding the visual system.

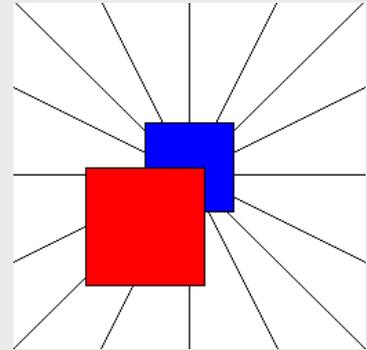
“qualitative”
analysis

“quantitative”
analysis



Piero della Francesca
Flagellation of Christ
late 1450s

linear size and perspectives
previous familiarity
interposition



psychophysics
mid 1800s

connoisseurship

visual
neuroscience

“qualitative”
analysis

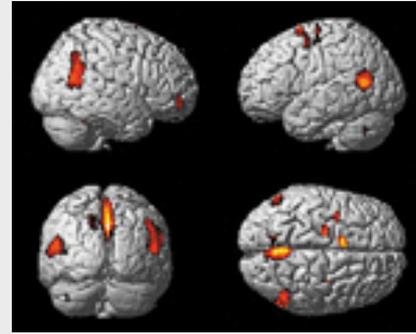
Marcel Duchamp
Nude Descending a Staircase, No. 2
c. 1910



art theory

Newsome, Movshon, Britten
motion selective neurons in monkeys
1990s

“quantitative”
analysis



fMRI shows selective response
to motion in the Middle Temporal
area (V5)

psychophysics

art
history

artworks

visual
system

vision
science

artistic
techniques

predict

innate
functions

support

connoisseurship

kinetic art

predicted

vision
centers

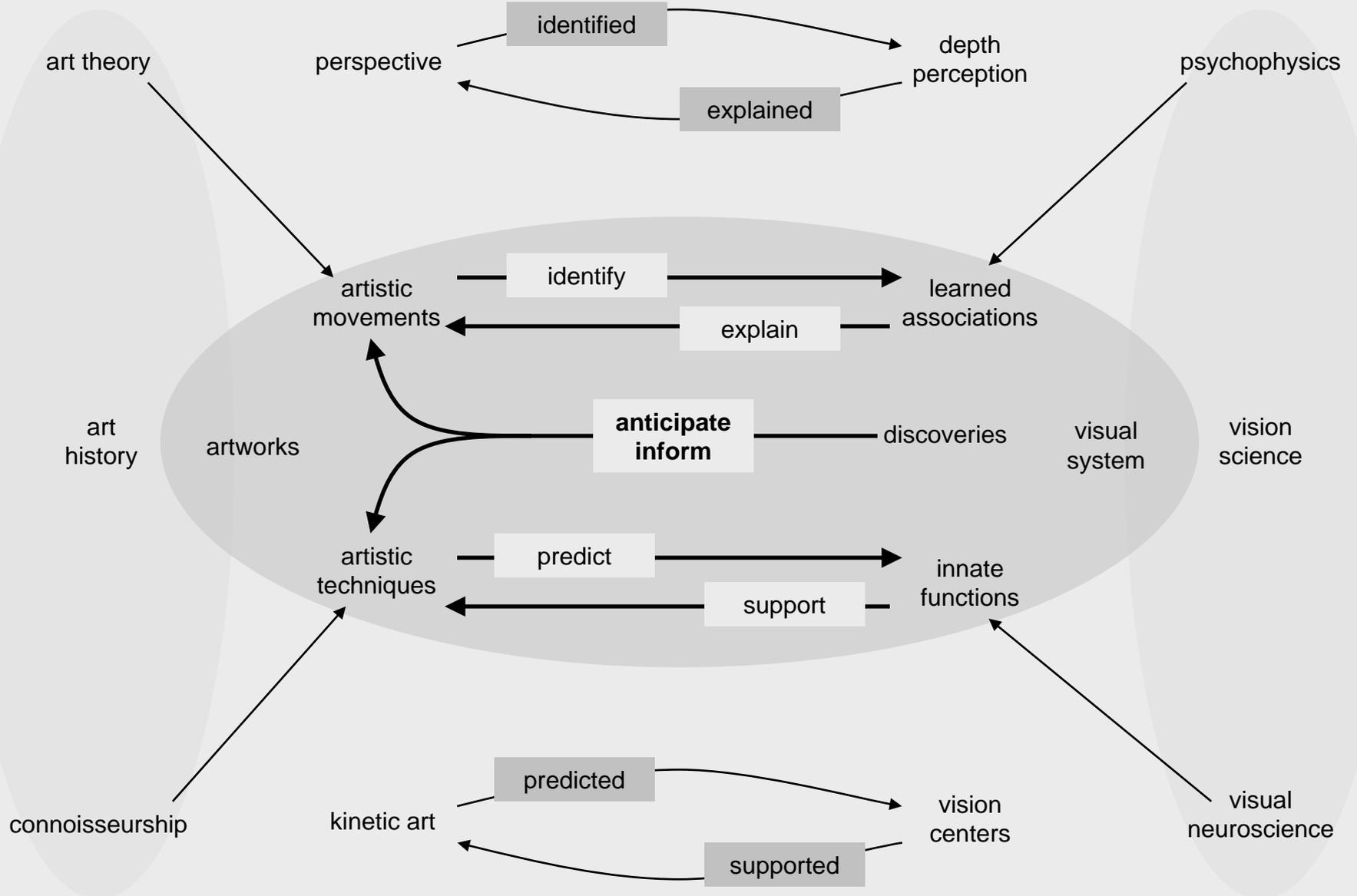
visual
neuroscience

supported

Eventually, vision science will influence artists.

“qualitative”
analysis

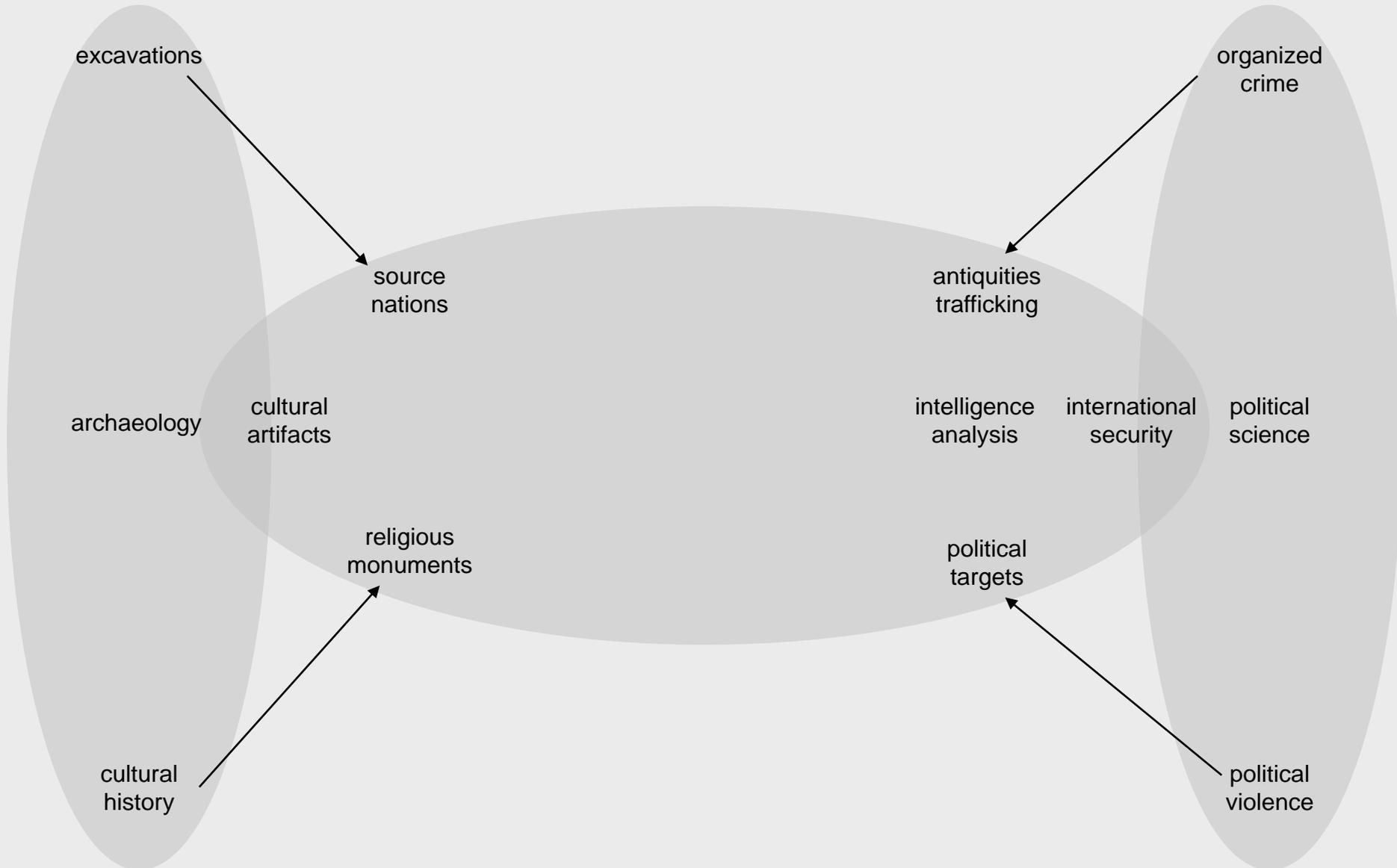
“quantitative”
analysis



Towards an Ontology for Cultural Security

“qualitative”
assessments

“predictive”
analyses



Towards an Ontology for Cultural Security

“qualitative”
assessments

“predictive”
analyses

excavations

archaeological
discoveries

informed

market
trends

capitalized

organized
crime

source
nations

inform

antiquities
trafficking

capitalizes

archaeology

political
science

cultural
history

political
violence



rediscovery of Machu Picchu and pre-Columbian Inca artifacts
by Hiram Bingham in 1911

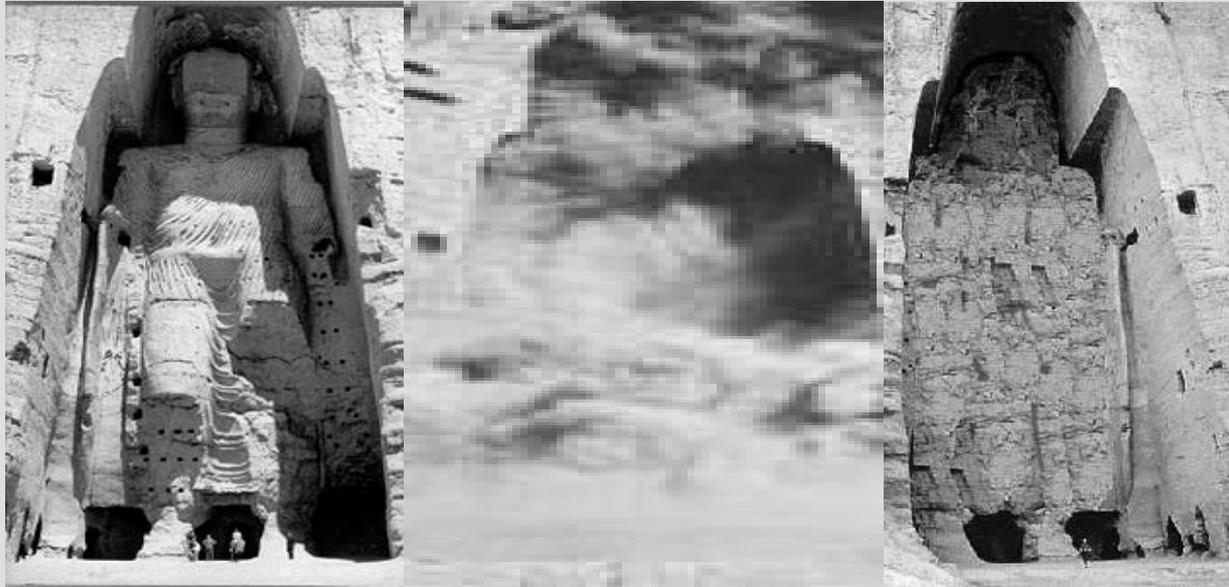
Towards an Ontology for Cultural Security

“qualitative” assessments

“predictive” analyses

excavations

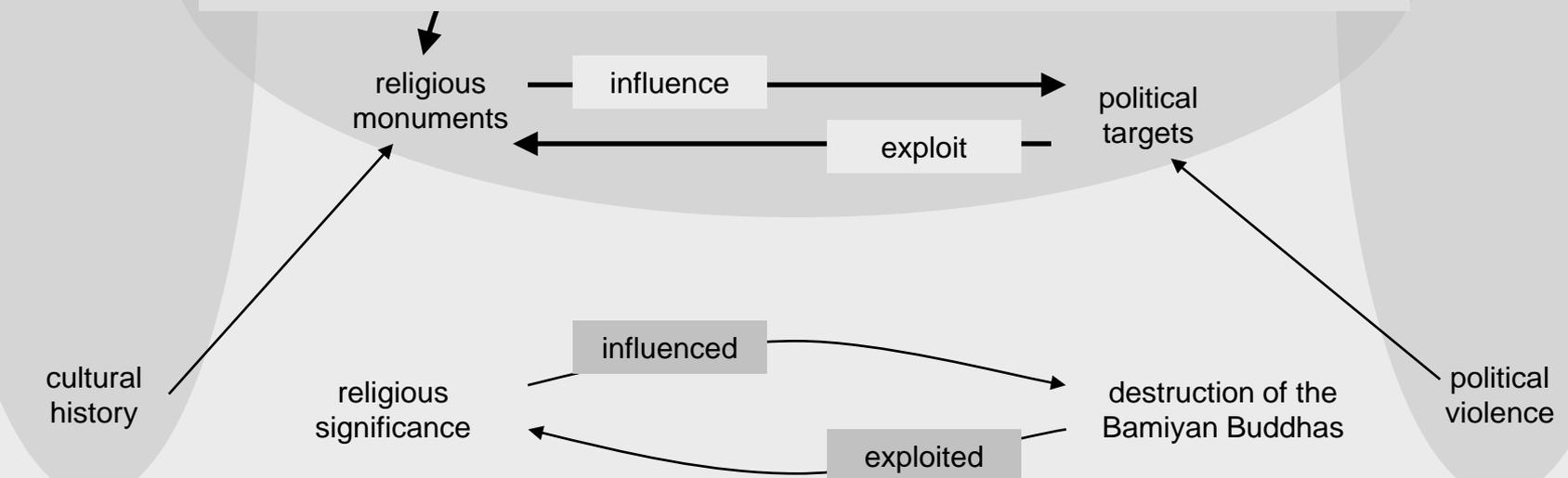
organized crime



archaeology

political science

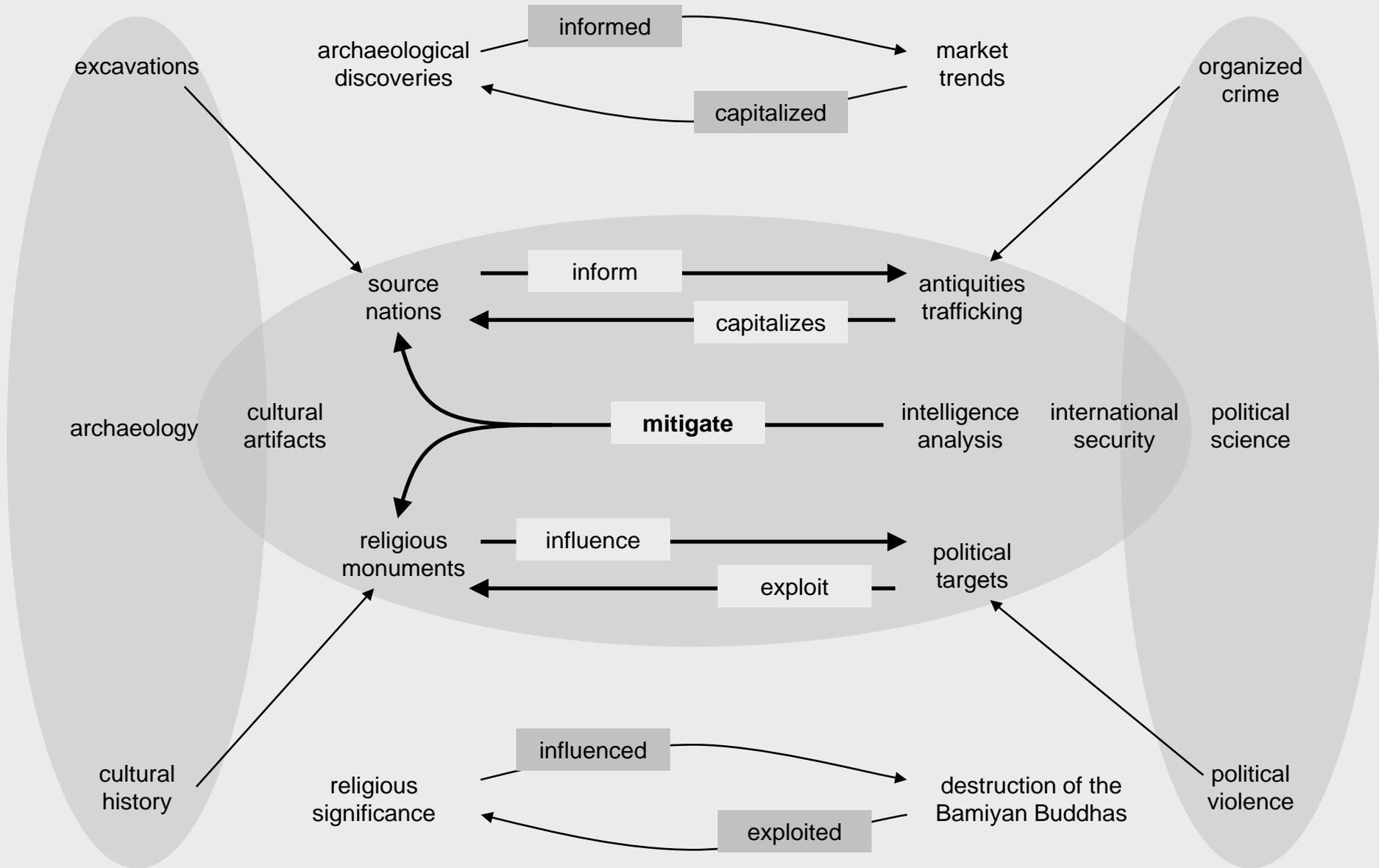
destruction of the giant Buddhas of the Bamiyan Valley (2001)



Towards an Ontology for Cultural Security

“qualitative”
assessments

“predictive”
analyses



Conclusion – Push vs. Pull

Will technology undermine or sustain the role of DSRDBs?

